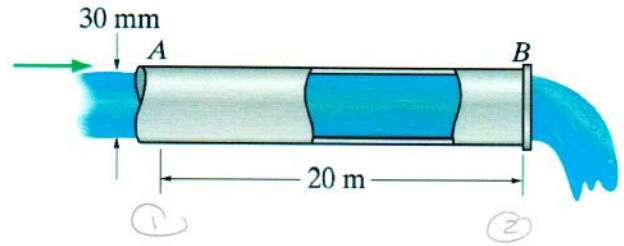


**CHEN.3030 Fluid Mechanics**  
**Short Quiz: Pipe Flow Applications**

The 30 mm diameter 20 m long commercial steel pipe ( $\epsilon = 0.000045$  m) transports water at room temperature. If the pressure at Point A is 200 kPa, determine the volumetric flow rate through the pipe.



**Note:**

Water properties:  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   $\mu = 0.001 \text{ N-s/m}^2$

Friction Factor:  $f_{lam} = 64/Re$  and  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{f}} = -1.8 \log_{10} \left[ \left( \frac{\epsilon/D}{3.7} \right)^{1.11} + \frac{6.9}{Re} \right]$  where  $Re = \frac{\rho v D}{\mu}$

Energy Eqn ①  $\Rightarrow$  ② no mech devices

$$\frac{P_1}{\rho} + \frac{\alpha v_1^2}{2g} + z_1 + h_A - h_R - h_L = \frac{P_2}{\rho} + \frac{\alpha v_2^2}{2g} + z_2$$

$v_1 = v_2$  same area  
 $z_1 = z_2$  horizontal

free jet

$$\therefore \frac{P_1}{\rho} = h_L = \frac{f L}{D} \frac{v^2}{2g} \quad \rightarrow \quad v^2 = \frac{2 P_1}{\rho} \frac{D}{L} \frac{1}{f}$$

$$\text{or } v = \sqrt{\frac{2 P_1}{\rho} \frac{D}{L} \frac{1}{f}}$$

$$\text{or } v = \left( \frac{2(200)}{666.7} \right)^{1/2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{f}}$$

$$v = 0.7746 \frac{1}{\sqrt{f}} \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

assume turbulent flow

$$Re = \frac{\rho v D}{\mu} = \frac{(1000)(0.03)}{0.001} v$$

$$Re = 30000 v$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{f}} = -1.8 \log_{10} \left[ \left( \frac{\epsilon/D}{3.7} \right)^{1.11} + \frac{6.9}{Re} \right]$$

$$= -1.8 \log_{10} \left[ 1.717 \times 10^{-4} + \frac{6.9}{Re} \right]$$

guess  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{f}} = -1.8 \log_{10} (1.717 \times 10^{-4}) = 6.777$

Iteration	$1/\sqrt{f}$	$v$ (m/s)	$Re$	$1/\sqrt{f}$
1	6.777	5.249	$1.57 \times 10^5$	6.600
2	6.600	5.112	$1.54 \times 10^5$	6.596
3	6.596			

close enough

$\therefore Q = vA$   
 $= (5.112) \left( \frac{\pi}{4} \right) (0.03)^2$

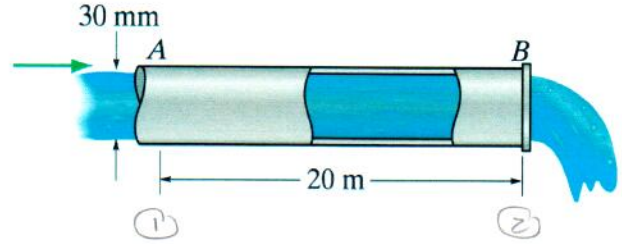
$$Q = 3.61 \times 10^{-3} \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{s}}$$

ans

**CHEN.3030 Fluid Mechanics**  
**Short Quiz: Pipe Flow Applications**

type 0.000045 m

The 30 mm diameter 20 m long commercial steel pipe ( $\epsilon = 0.00045$  m) transports water at room temperature. If the pressure at Point A is 200 kPa, determine the volumetric flow rate through the pipe.



**Note:**

Water properties:  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   $\mu = 0.001 \text{ N-s/m}^2$

Friction Factor:  $f_{\text{lam}} = 64/\text{Re}$  and  $f_{\text{turb}} = \frac{0.25}{\left[ \log_{10} \left( \frac{\epsilon/D}{3.7} + \frac{5.74}{\text{Re}^{0.9}} \right) \right]^2}$  where  $\text{Re} = \frac{\rho v D}{\mu}$

Energy Eq  $\text{Eqm } \textcircled{1} \rightarrow \textcircled{2}$  no mechanical devices

$$\frac{P_1}{\rho} + \alpha \frac{v_1^2}{2g} + z_1 + h_p - h_r - h_L = \frac{P_2}{\rho} + \alpha \frac{v_2^2}{2g} + z_2$$

$v_1 = v_2$  same area  
 $z_1 = z_2$  horizontal

free jet

$$\frac{P_1}{\rho} = \frac{P_2}{\rho}$$

$\therefore \frac{P_1}{\rho} = h_L = f \frac{L}{D} \frac{v^2}{2g}$

$\rightarrow v^2 = \frac{2 P_1}{\rho} \frac{D}{f L}$

or  $v = \sqrt{\frac{2 P_1}{\rho} \frac{D}{f L}}$

$\frac{P_1}{\rho} = \frac{200 \times 10^3 \text{ kg-m/s}^2}{1000 \text{ kg/m}^3} = 200 \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2}$

$= \left( \frac{2(200)}{666.7} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{f}}$

$\frac{L}{D} = \frac{20}{0.03} = 666.7$

$v = 0.7746 \frac{1}{\sqrt{f}} \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$

$\frac{\epsilon}{D} = \frac{0.000045}{0.03} = 0.0015$

assume turbulent flow  
 $\text{Re} = \frac{\rho v D}{\mu} = \frac{(1000)(0.03)}{0.001} v$

$f = \frac{0.25}{\left[ \log_{10} \left( \frac{0.0015}{3.7} + \frac{5.74}{\text{Re}^{0.9}} \right) \right]^2}$

$\text{Re} = 30000 v$

guess  $f = \frac{0.25}{\left[ \log_{10}(0.0004054) \right]^2} = 0.0217$

turbulent (ok)

Iteration	f	v m/s	Re	f
1	0.0217	5.255	$1.577 \times 10^5$	0.02325
2	0.02325	<u>5.080</u>	$1.524 \times 10^5$	0.02329
$\therefore$	$Q = v A = (5.080 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}) \left( \frac{\pi}{4} \right) (0.03 \text{ m})^2 = 3.59 \times 10^{-3} \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{s}}$			

ans